

THE EURO@25 - THE VALUE OF UNITY

Presentation at Athens University of Economics and Business

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YOU ARE THE FIRST GENERATION GROWING UP WITH THE EURO. WHAT IMPACT HAS THIS HAD ON YOUR LIFE?





BENEFITS OF THE EURO



Stable prices and no currency exchange costs in the single market



Economic stability and convergence: more trade, investment and growth



Integrated financial markets: more financial stability and better financing conditions



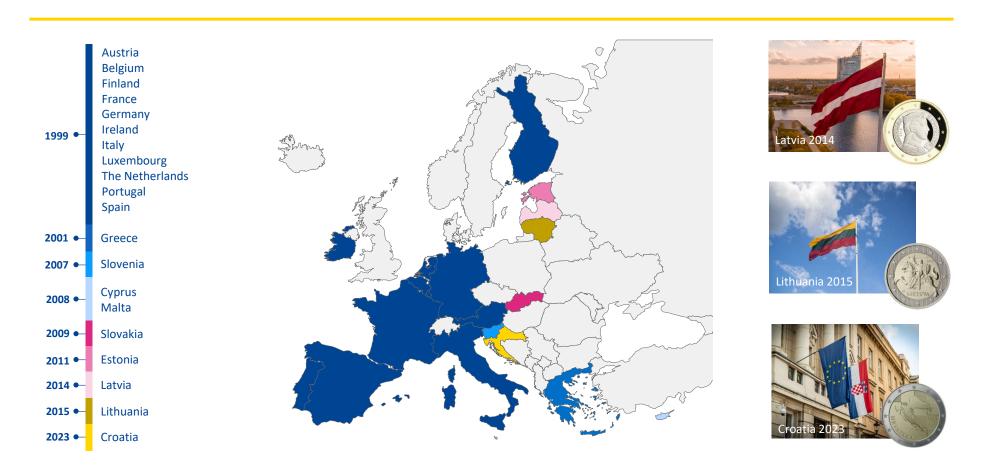
Political unity: common currency and economic policy coordination



Global influence: stronger presence for the EU in the global economy



THE EURO TODAY—MEMBERSHIP EXPANDING



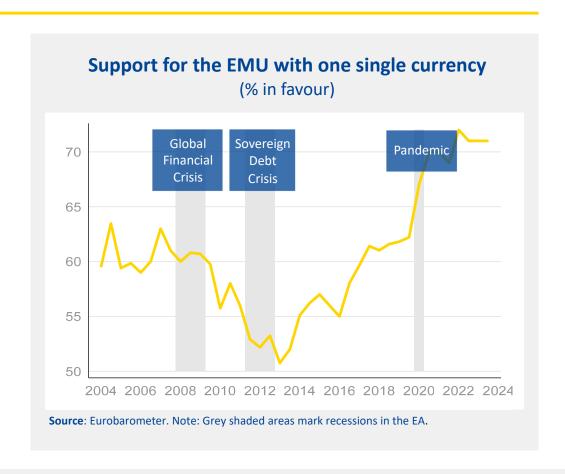


THE EURO TODAY—SUPPORT AT AN ALL-TIME HIGH

A large majority of citizens in the euro area support the euro

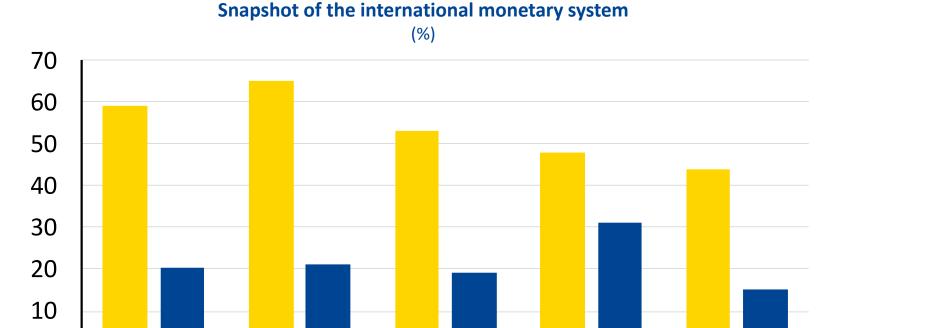
Eight out of 10 citizens (80%) think that the euro benefits the EU

About 70% think that it benefits their country





THE EURO TODAY – 2ND MOST USED CURRENCY WORLDWIDE



Notes: "Foreign reserves" refers to the assets held by central banks as reserves. "Global payments" is based on SWIFT data and shows with what currency a payment transfer is made. "Foreign exchange" refers to foreign exchange markets when currency conversion is made. (The number shows how often the euro is one side of a currency conversion.) The data are as of 2022. Sources: ECB, IMF WEO, DoT and COFER; BIS; SWIFT; and Boz et al. (2020).

International

loans

International

debt

Global payments

(SWIFT)

Foreign exchange

turnover

0

Foreign

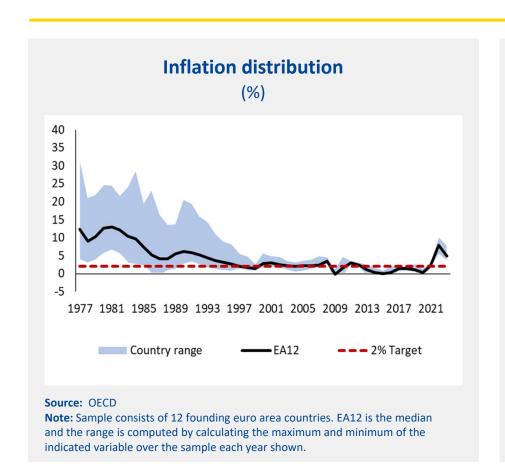
Exchange Reserves

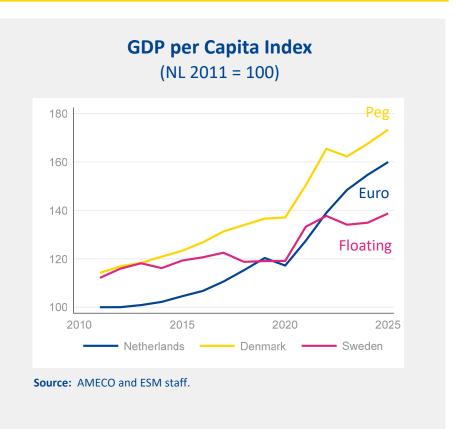


USD

EUR

THE EURO TODAY - A STABLE CURRENCY SUPPORTS PRICE STABILITY AND RISING PROSPERITY





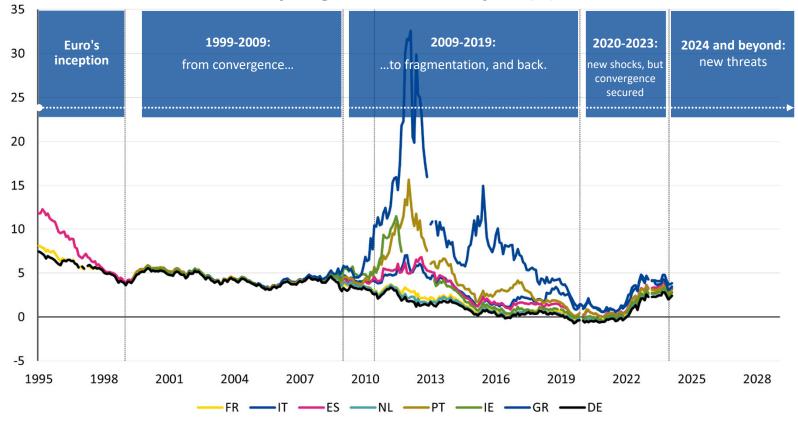


FROM CONVERGENCE TO FRAGMENTATION, AND BACK

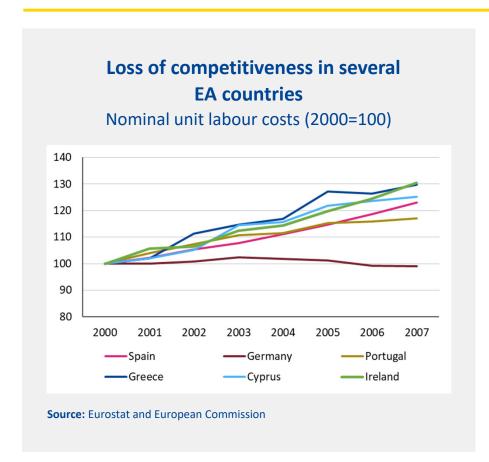


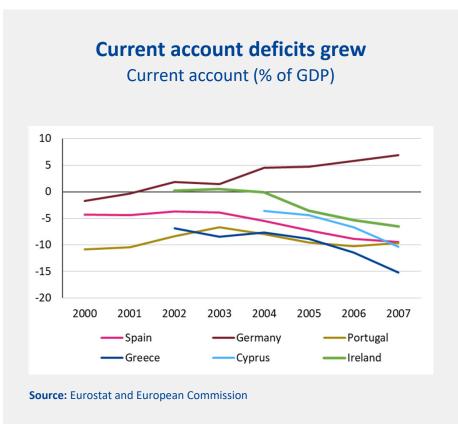
MONETARY TRANSMISSION - CONVERGENCE AND FRAGMENTATION





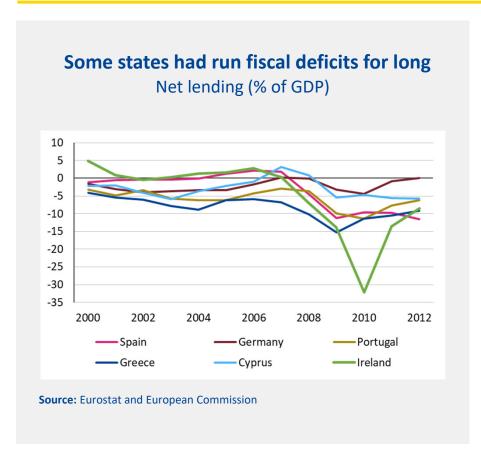
FRAGMENTATION CAUSED BY SIGNIFICANT IMBALANCES

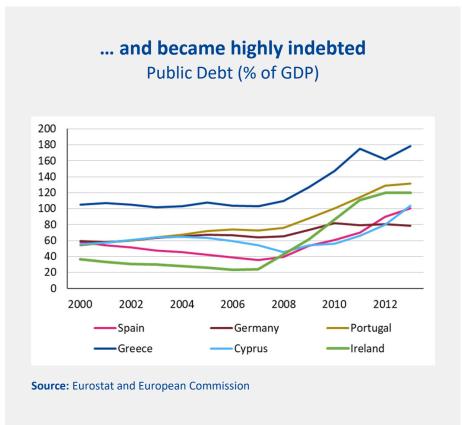






RISK AND EFFECT OF THE FINANCIAL "DOOM-LOOP"







COUNTRIES TAKE TURN WITH STRONG REFORM PACKAGES

Various reforms, along with the establishment of ESM/EFSF, paved the way for success.



EFSF and ESM financial assistance provided crucial support, enabling programme countries to implement **vital reforms**.



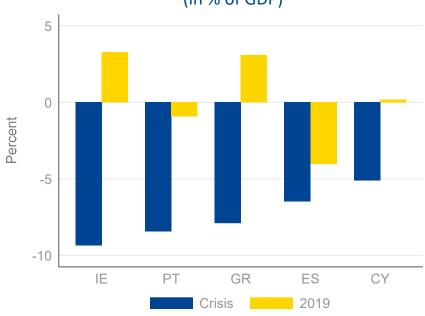
As a result, all programme countries successfully regained market access.



All five countries **returned to economic growth**, well above the euro area average, until the pandemic crisis.

Structural fiscal balances of select EA countries

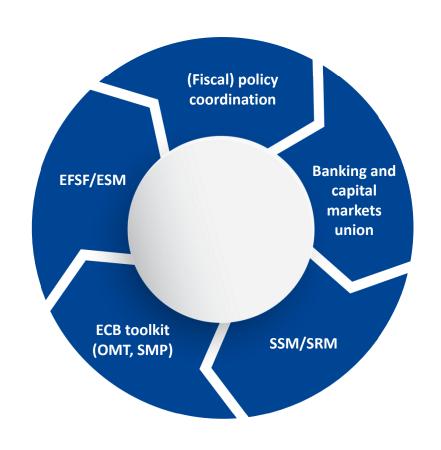
(in % of GDP)



Source: AMECO and ESM staff.



COMPREHENSIVE POLICY RESPONSE REKINDLES CONVERGENCE



Comprehensive reforms in many policy areas



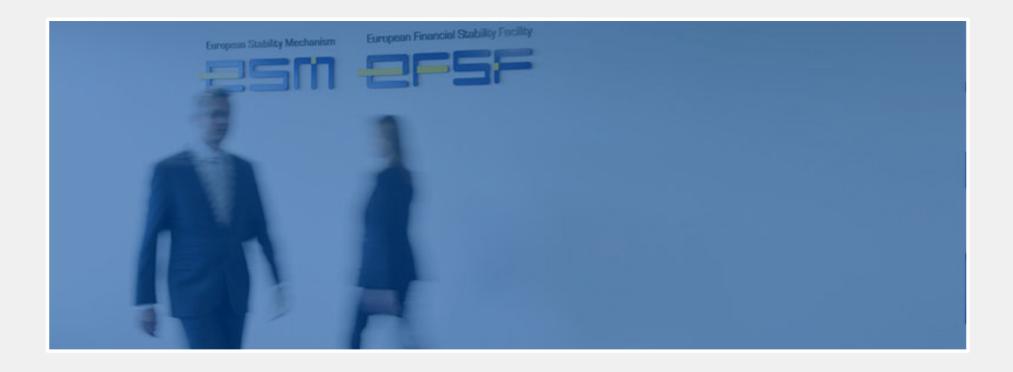


▲ Crisis management

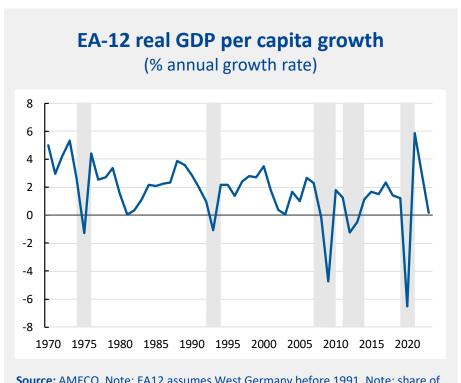




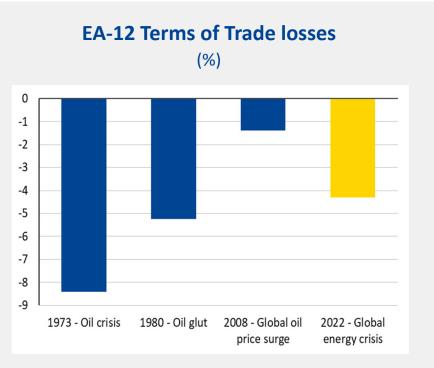
ANOTHER TYPE OF CRISIS; DIFFERENT TYPE OF RESPONSE



PANDEMIC AND COST-OF-LIVING CRISIS SPARK RENEWED FRAGMENTATION RISK...



Source: AMECO. Note: EA12 assumes West Germany before 1991. Note: share of economies in recession is defined as an annual contraction in per capita GDP



Source: AMECO. The terms of trade are calculated as the ratio of the export deflator over the import deflator. The charts reflect the year with the highest losses in terms of trade during the respective energy price crisis.



...BUT POLICY PACKAGES STABILISED MARKETS

(Ten-year government bond yield spreads against Germany, in percentage points)



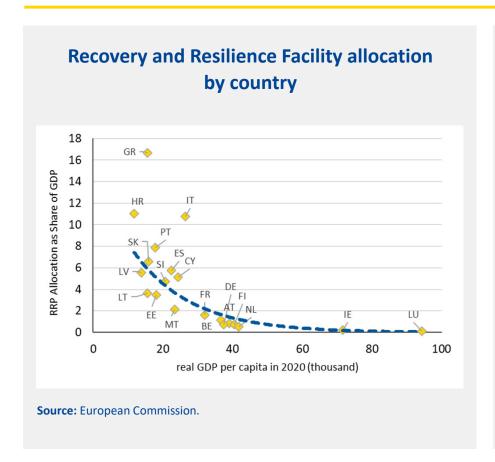
Fiscal: ESM/EFSF €700bn of which €300 bn used 2011-2018.

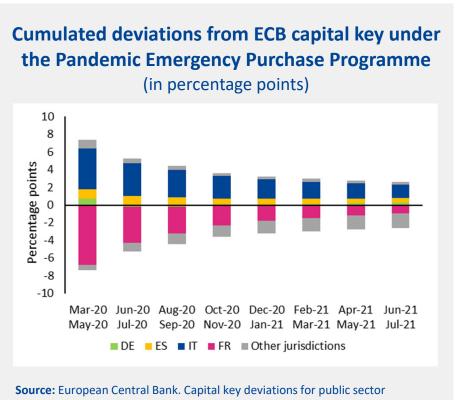
€60bn EU Monetary: ECB Draghi "whatever it takes" – 2012 and OMT+ESM

Monetary: ECB asset purchases (PSPP) 2015 - 22



EUROPEAN RESPONSE SUPPORTING COUNTRIES MOST IN NEED

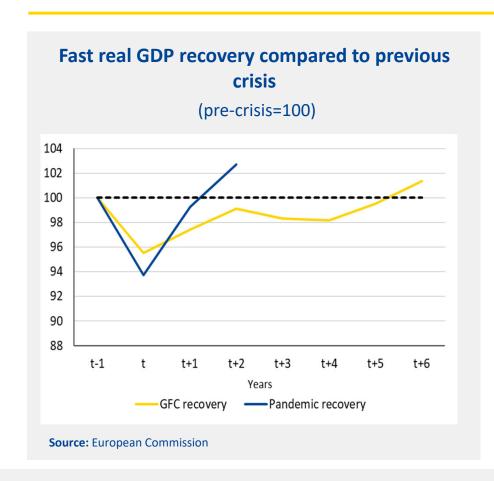


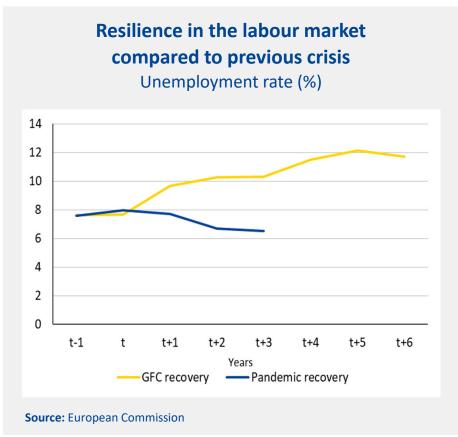


purchases calculated in bi-monthly stock terms.



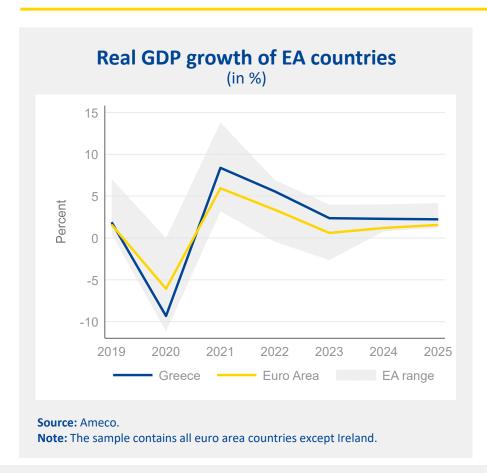
THE FAST RECOVERY TESTIFIES TO RESILIENCE

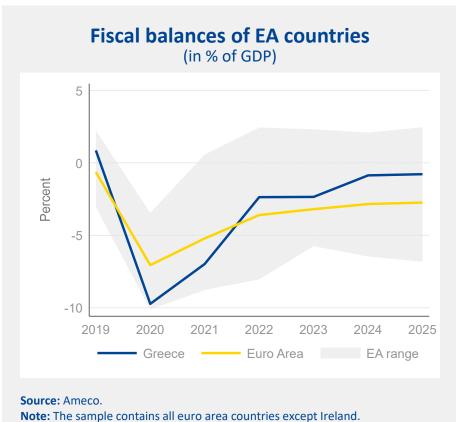






GREECE – FROM PANDEMIC DAMAGE TO OUTPERFORMANCE





STRONG EURO AREA INFRASTRUCTURE AFTER FOUR CRISES

PRESERVING FINANCIAL STABILITY IN THE EURO AREA

Monetary policy instruments and fragmentation tools EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

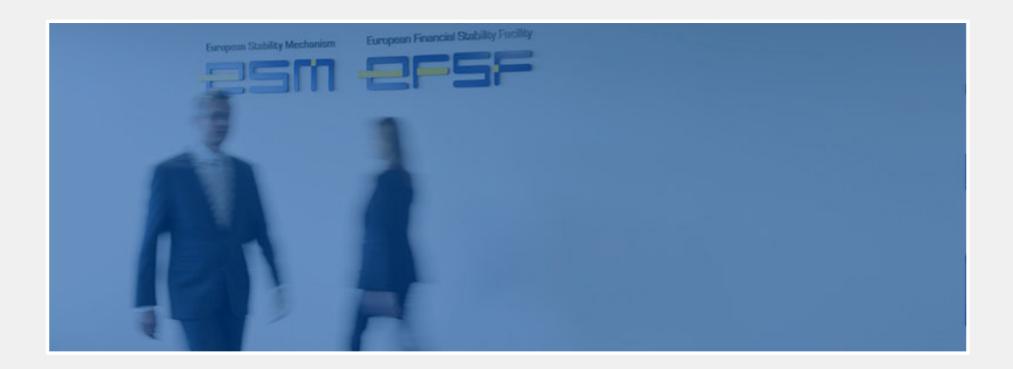








LOOKING AHEAD – THE CHALLENGES OF THE FUTURE

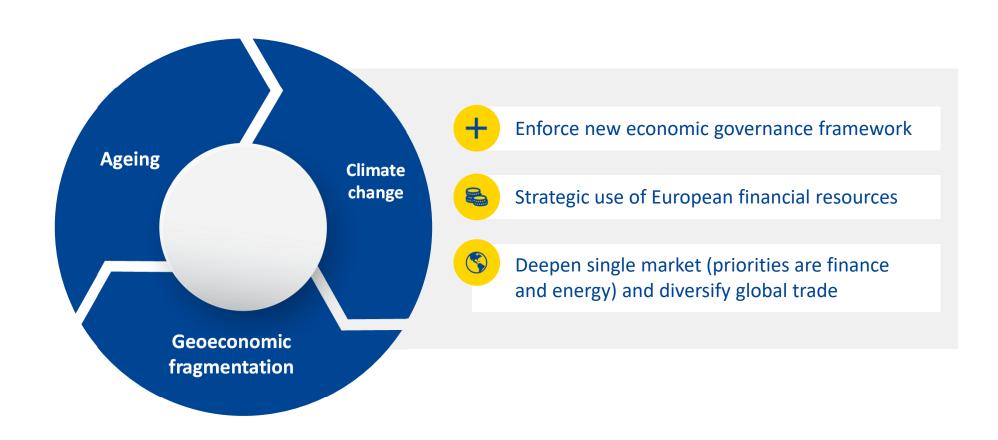


WHAT ARE THE MAIN ECONOMIC CHALLENGES EUROPE WILL FACE IN THE NEXT DECADE?





EU MEDIUM-TERM AGENDA: RESILIENCE AND COMPETITIVENESS TO TACKLE GLOBAL CHALLENGES



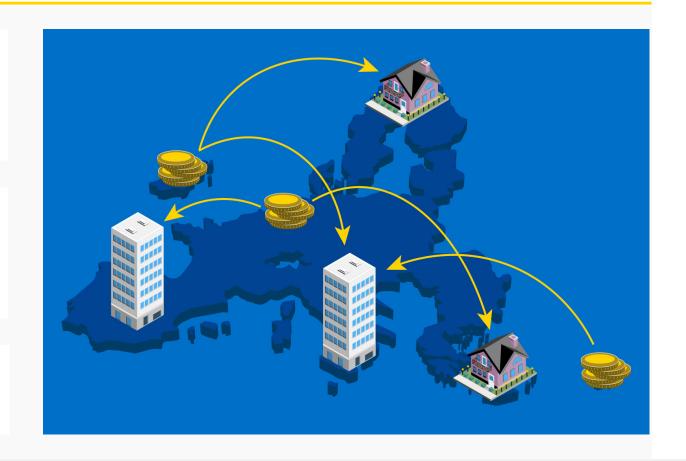


MARKET INTEGRATION STILL NEEDS TO PROGRESS

Many markets (energy, transport, defence, capital) remain fragmented along national borders...

...which requires us to identify and remove barriers to efficient crossborder trade and finance.

Greater market integration will deliver substantial benefits.





FROM THE FOUNDING FATHER

"The euro is a symbol of **European unity**. We must **protect and strengthen** it."

- Jacques Delors, President of the European Commission (1985-1995)





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