

"Lessons from the crisis and the next steps for EMU"

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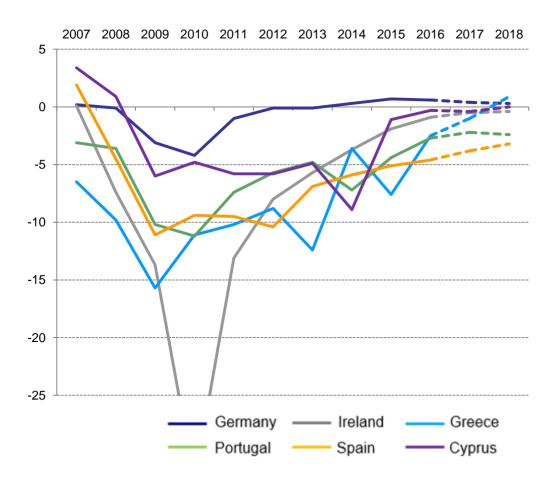
Helsinki, 9 December 2016

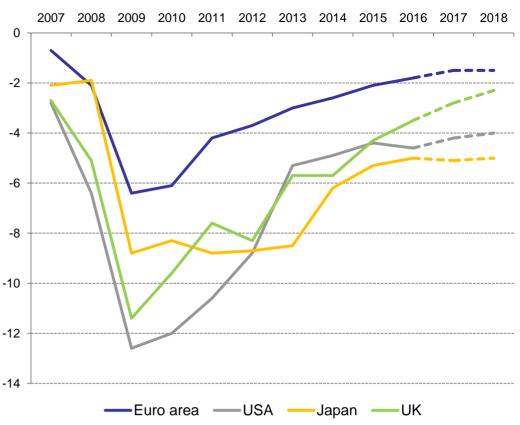


Deficit reduction policies are paying off

Fiscal balance in programme countries (% of GDP)

Selected comparative fiscal balances (% of GDP)



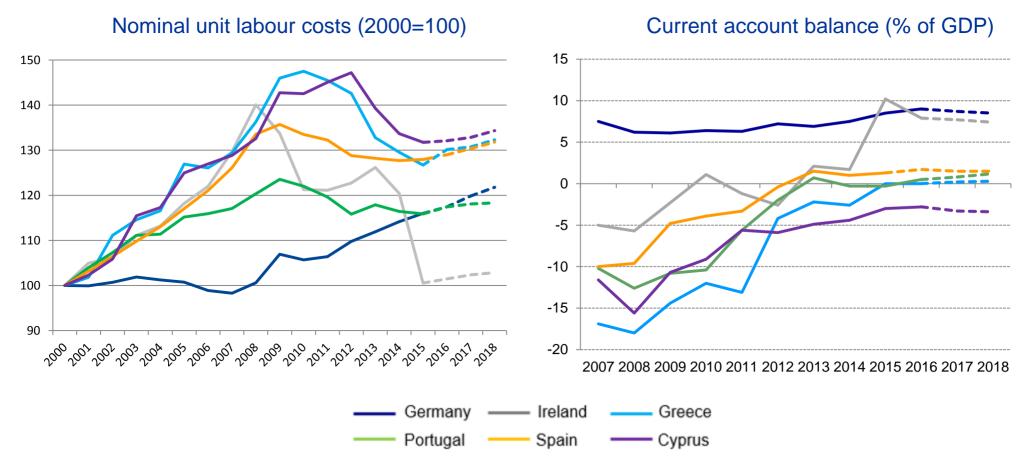


Source: European Commission, Economic Forecast – Autumn 2016



Internal devaluations are restoring competitiveness

■ Thanks to the convergence in competitiveness, costly external imbalances in the periphery have disappeared



Source: EC European Economic Forecast – Autumn 2016



EFSF/ESM programme countries are the reform champions

■ Greece, Ireland, Portugal and Spain are in top 5 of 34 OECD countries with regard to implementation of structural reforms.

Ranking in OECD report

- 1. Greece
- 2. Ireland
- 3. Estonia
- 4. Portugal
- 5. Spain

"Euro area countries under financial assistance programmes are among the OECD countries whose responsiveness [to the OECD's structural reform recommendations] was highest and also where it most increased compared with previous period."

- Going for Growth (OECD Report)

Source: OECD report *Going for Growth* for 2015 Ranking takes into account responsiveness to OECD recommendations on structural reforms in key policy areas



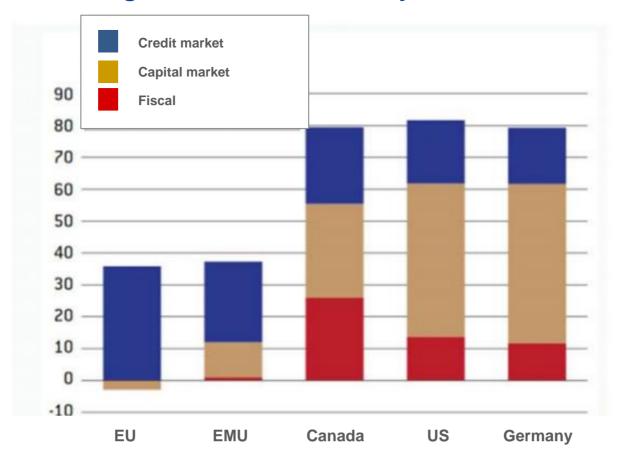
Firewalls against the crisis: ESM and EFSF

- Maximum lending capacity of €700 bn
 - Total disbursed to five countries so far: €264.8 bn
 - Ireland, Portugal, Spain, Cyprus, Greece
- Four success stories:
 - Ireland, Portugal, Spain and Cyprus have exited programmes
 - Greece is a special case
 - It entered a new programme of up to €86 bn last year
- Benefits:
 - Promote reforms
 - Help to return to debt sustainability



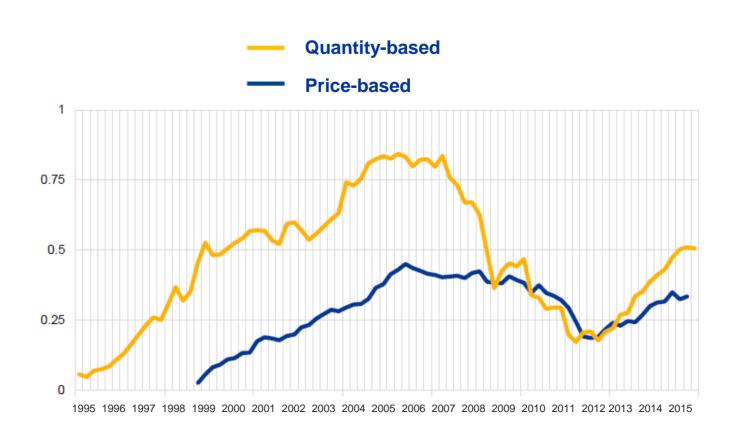
Insurance against income shocks in EMU remains low

Percentage of shock smoothed by different channels





ECB indicators of financial integration in euro area



Note: The price-based indicator aggregates ten measures covering the main market segments such as money, bonds, equities and banking. The input series relate to price dispersion in EA countries. The quantity-based indicator aggregates five measures, covering intra-EA cross border holdings expressed as a % of EA total holdings. Both indicators are bounded between zero (full fragmentation) and one (full integration). Increases in the indicators signal higher financial integration. Source: ECB



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